

London School of Economics YouthMUN 2021

CRISIS RULES OF PROCEDURE



YOUTH
MAKE CHANGE
FEBRUARY 26-28 2021

CRISIS RULES OF PROCEDURE

1. ROLL CALL:

Marking delegates present/absent

2. MOTION TO OPEN DEBATE AND SET A SPEAKER'S LIST:

Following opening the debate, the first speeches are usually speakers list speeches.

3. MOTION TO ADOPT THE FLOOR FOR A SPEAKER'S LIST SPEECH

A one-minute speech is the set standard. Following the proposal of the motion to open debate, all delegates who wish to provide a speech should 'raise their placards' (so to speak) for the Chair to recognise them and add them to the speakers list. During the speech, the delegate would explain their country's stance on the issue/ specific crisis update, and are advised to propose (a) country or global directive(s) during these speeches, if possible. The Speaker's List is the default format of debate and the committee will proceed with speeches until a delegate makes a motion to change up the debate format.

YIELDS

This is when a speaker decides to give up the remaining time in his or her speech, only during a speaker's list speech. Three types of yields:

- 1) Yield to the Chair meaning you give up the rest of your time.
- 2) Yield to a fellow delegate in the delegation meaning you give up the rest of your time to the other delegate, in the case of a double delegation
- 3) Yield to questions from other delegates or Yield to comments to your speech by other delegates.

POINTS

POINT OF PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY:

This is used when a delegate has a question about crisis procedure something that is not clearly understood in committee.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE:

This is used when a delegate experiences personal discomfort that hinders their ability to participate in committee. Examples: distractions during committee, can't hear another delegate, etc.

POINT OF ORDER:

Also called Point of Parliamentary Procedure. This is used when a delegate believes that there was a mistake made regarding the rules of procedure

- Point of information to the Head Table - question related to the content of the crisis update only
- Point of information (to another delegate) - question on a delegate's speakers list speech (limited to 2 per speech).

CAUCUS

MODERATED CAUCUS:

A debate format that allows delegates to make short comments on a specific sub-issue. Typically, delegates who are interested in speaking will 'raise up their placards' and the Chairs will call on delegates to speak one at a time. In order to move into a moderated caucus, the motion must include the overall speaking time, the time per speaker, and the sub-issue to be discussed. Example: Italy moves for a 5 minute moderated caucus with 30 second speaking time per delegate for the purpose of discussing solutions to women's rights.

UNMODERATED CAUCUS:

Also called Informal Caucus or Lobbying Sessions. This is a debate format where delegates can discuss solutions with a group of others before presenting them to the house. They are usually for planning joint directives and a Chair will be present in every breakout room where this occurs. In order to move into an unmoderated caucus, the motion must include the overall caucus time and preferably the purpose of the unmoderated caucus. Example: Senegal moves for an unmoderated caucus for 5 minutes to complete draft resolutions.

MOTIONS

MOTIONS TO PROPOSE DIRECTIVES AND GENERAL POINTS

For all speeches being made by double delegations, please specify whether this will be a joint speech and quote the full speaking time for both delegates when doing so.

Make sure you clearly specify whether you are proposing a 'country' or 'global directive' in any speech, so that it can be recorded and all delegates can be informed about it. In the case of a global directive, this is particularly important as countries will have to vote on it.

Motions that can be standalone/ mentioned during other speeches (such as within Speakers List or moderated caucus speeches)

1. Motion to propose a country directive - an internal solution, effective immediately, that will be adopted by a specific country in response to the crisis update. There will be no voting on this directive
2. Motion to propose a global directive - proposal of a 'global' solution, which would be effective immediately, that will be adopted by all/specified countries in response to the crisis update. There will be voting on this directive
3. Motion to propose an amendment - this would be in relation to a global directive corresponding to all countries, or to a country directive by that country only, in relation to an update.

MOTION TO VOTE ON THE GLOBAL DIRECTIVE -

This motion should follow proposal of any global directive.